Talking to the Text (T4): *A Brief Explanation*

Purpose: Text talk is a reading strategy used to help you comprehend (understand and remember) what you read. Good readers learn to talk to the text in their head as they read. By communicating on paper what you think in your head, you can help sort out and make sense of anything confusing or blocking your ability to understand (a reading "roadblock").

Follow these simple steps:

- In the white spaces and margins surrounding the text or between the lines, if there is room, write what the words and sentences make you think about as you read. These might be notes, questions, comments, predictions, etc. Use lines to connect your thoughts to the location in the text (see example on back).
- 2. Highlight any words or phrases that seem important or that you can identify with and write why you identify with them.
- 3. Circle unfamiliar words so you can deal with them later, if you need to.
- 4. Please note: Simply highlighting or <u>underlining</u> words or phrases is NOT talking to the text and will not be counted as such.

You will be scored on the thoughtfulness and critical reflection of your notations. There is no correct or incorrect answer, but there should be a progression of sophistication that you move toward as a goal.

The following are suggested notations you should be making on the text (you will find an example on the back):

- what the title might indicate about the text
- identify the genre/text features (fonts, italics, bold, etc.)
- identify the author and source
- connections and background knowledge
- a prediction based on the title, first sentence, author, etc.
- questions that surface as you read
- what it reminds you of (personal experiences, other texts, movies/TV/songs, etc.)
- ideas you have as you read
- interesting words, phrases, or sentences
- additional information that you wonder about, wish you had, or need to continue
- inconsistencies that you notice about the author's writing
- what confuses you (roadblocks)
- big ideas that seem important to the text as a whole (themes)
- pictures that pop into your head
- summaries that capture the whole idea of a paragraph, page, or whole story/article/passage
- Inferences you can make about what is NOT in the text
- identify the main idea or gist
- use synonyms for unfamiliar words using context clues
- paraphrase (put into your own words) confusing sentences
- your thoughts, comments, judgments, opinions, observations, clarifications...

